## St Nicholas' CE (VA) Primary School

## 2023-2024 Medium Term Planning - Maths

## Owl Class Year 6 - Term 5

Number Facts:

| Date w/c | Strand | Mental Maths (number facts) | Learning Objectives |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 15.4 .24 \end{gathered}$ | Order of Operations |  | - To explain how addition and subtraction can help to solve multiplication problems efficiently (II) <br> - To use their knowledge of the distributive law to solve equations including multiplication, addition and subtraction <br> - To explain how the distributive law applies to division expressions with a common divisor (addition) <br> - To explain how the distributive law applies to division expressions with a common divisor (subtraction) <br> - Friday: arithmetic |
| $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ 22.4 .24 \end{gathered}$ | Solving Problems with Two Unknowns |  | - To use their knowledge of the distributive law to solve equations including division, addition and subtraction <br> - To compare the structure of problems with one or two unknowns <br> - To represent the structure of contextual problems with two unknowns <br> - To represent a problem with two unknowns using a bar model <br> - Friday: arithmetic |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 \\ 29.4 .24 \end{gathered}$ | Solving Problems with Two Unknowns |  | - To explain why sometimes there is only one solution to a sum and multiple problem <br> - To explain the values a part-whole model could represent <br> - To solve problems with two unknowns in a range of contexts <br> - To systematically solve problems with two unknowns using 'trial and improvement' (one and several solutions) <br> - Friday: arithmetic |


| 4 6.5 .24 (4 days) |  | - To explain how to balance an equation with two unknowns <br> - To systematically solve problems with two unknowns using 'trial and improvement' (one, several and infinite solutions) <br> - Revision of maths learning from across the year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ 13.5 .24 \end{gathered}$ | SATS week |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ 20.5 .24 \\ \text { (3 days) } \end{gathered}$ |  | - To use knowledge of shape properties to draw, sketch and identify shapes <br> - The same 3D shape can be composed from different 2D nets <br> - When a 2D shape is decomposed and the parts rearranged, the area remains the same. The area of a compound shape is therefore equal to the total of the areas of the constituent parts |

